WHAT IS CLAIMED IS

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1. An optical writing unit, comprising:

a light emitting device array that further comprises a plurality of light emitting device array chips, each of which comprises a plurality of light emitting devices that are arranged at a predetermined interval P, and

an image forming device array that further comprises image forming devices,

wherein light volume of the light emitting

devices is set up such that a predefined property

value concerning an exposure intensity distribution

of each of the light emitting devices falls within a

predetermined range, the predetermined range being

defined for an effective image area in its entirety,

and the light volume of the light emitting devices

that are located on and near an edge of the light

emitting device array chip can be set differently

from other light emitting devices.

2. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 1, further comprising operating process means for setting up the light volume for each of the light emitting devices to irradiate, wherein each of the light emitting devices is driven based on the light volume set up by the operating process means.

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3. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 2, wherein the operating process means are

15 arranged for acquiring a correlation between the light volume and the property value for each of the light emitting devices, based on a result of measuring the property value corresponding to the light volume.

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4. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 2, wherein the operating process means are

arranged for acquiring the range of the property value that the light emitting device should take, based on the property values of the light volumes of a plurality of the preceding light emitting devices.

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5. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 2, wherein the operating process means are arranged for determining the light volume of each of the light emitting devices using a compensation value for a driving current.

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6. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 1, wherein the light volume of the light emitting devices that are located on and near an edge of the light emitting device array chip can be set differently from the other light emitting devices.

7. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 1, wherein the light volume of the light emitting devices that are located on and near the edge of the light emitting device array chips is set up in the case that an interval Pa between one of the light emitting devices on the edge of one of the light emitting device array chips and another one of the light emitting devices on the edge of an adjacent one of the light emitting devices on the edge of an adjacent one of the light emitting device array chips is different from the predetermined interval P by more than 10%, namely, in the cases of Pa>1.1P and Pa<0.9P.

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8. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 1, wherein the property values of more than
20 M/2 of the light emitting devices that are located on and near the edge of each of the light emitting device array chips are measured, when the property values of a total of M of the light emitting devices are measured.

9. An image forming apparatus for forming an image, comprising an exposure unit that further comprises an image forming device array and a light emitting device array that further comprises a plurality of light emitting device array chips, each of which comprises a plurality of light emitting devices, wherein light volume of the light emitting devices is set up such that a predefined property value concerning an exposure intensity distribution of each of the light emitting devices, which correspond to an effective image area in its entirety, falls within a predetermined range, and 15 the light volume of the light emitting devices that are located on and near an edge of the light emitting device array chip can be set differently from the other light emitting devices.

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10. A driving method of an optical writing
25 unit that comprises an image forming device array

and a light emitting device array that further comprises a plurality of light emitting device array chips, each of which comprises a plurality of light emitting devices, wherein light volume of the light 5 emitting devices is set up such that a predefined property value concerning an exposure intensity distribution of each of the light emitting devices, which correspond to an effective image area in its entirety, falls within a predetermined range, and 10 the light volume of the light emitting devices that are located on and near an edge of the light emitting device array chip can be set near a limit of the predetermined range.

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a light emitting device array that

comprises a plurality of light emitting device array chips, each of which comprises a plurality of light emitting device that are arranged at a predetermined interval P, and

an image forming device array that further comprises image forming devices,

wherein light volume of the light emitting devices is set up such that gradient of an approximated regression line for exposure areas corresponding to a plurality of the light emitting devices that are selected at a predefined cycle falls within a predetermined range, the predetermined range being defined for an effective image area in its entirety, and the light volume of the light emitting devices that are located on and 10 near an edge of the light emitting device array chips are set up such that said gradient corresponds to an interval Pa between the light emitting device on the edge of one of the light emitting device array chips and the light emitting device on the edge of an adjacent one of the light emitting device array chips.

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12. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 11, wherein the predefined cycle is a constant throughout the light emitting device array.

13. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 12, wherein one cycle of the predefined

constant cycle comprises M+N of the light emitting devices, where M represents the number of the light emitting devices that are selected, N represents the number of the light emitting devices that are not selected, and M is equal to or less than N.

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14. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 11, wherein the interval of the light emitting devices is set equal to 1/10 or less than 1/10 of the interval of the image forming devices.

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15. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 11, wherein the approximated regression line of the exposure areas corresponding to the plurality of light emitting devices is obtained from a

plurality of the light emitting devices that are located within a range between LK and 3LK, where LK represents the interval of the image forming devices.

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16. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 11, wherein intervals between the light

10 emitting device on the edge of one of the light emitting device array chips and the light emitting device on the edge of an adjacent one of the light emitting device array chips, are categorized into a plurality of ranks based on the magnitude of the

15 intervals, and the light volume of each of the light emitting devices is set up according to said ranks.

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17. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 16, wherein said ranks comprise three ranks, namely, Pa<PL, PL<=Pa<=PH, and PH<Pa, where Pa represents the interval between the light emitting device on the edge of one of the light emitting

device array chips and the light emitting device on the edge of an adjacent one of the light emitting device array chips, and PL and PH represent predetermined threshold levels of the interval,

5 where PL<PH.

18. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 17, wherein the light volume is increased where Pa>PH, and the light volume is decreased where Pa<PL.

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19. The optical writing unit as claimed in claim 17, wherein PL is set at 0.9P, and PH is set at 1.1P, where P represents the predetermined interval of the light emitting devices.

claim 11, wherein the light emitting devices that are located on and near an edge of the light emitting device array chip are the light emitting devices that correspond to a range of distances between 0.5LK and 1.5LK, where LK represents the interval of the image forming devices.

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21. An image forming apparatus for forming an image, comprising an exposure unit that further comprises an image forming device array and a light emitting device array, comprising a plurality of light emitting device array chips, each of which 15 comprises a plurality of light emitting devices arranged at a predetermined interval, wherein the light volume of each of the light emitting devices is set up such that the gradient of an approximated 20 regression line of exposure areas corresponding to a plurality of the light emitting devices that are selected based on a predetermined cycle falls within a predetermined range for an effective image domain in its entirety, and the light volume of each of the 25 light emitting devices on and near the edge of the

light emitting device array chip is set up such that said gradient corresponds to an interval between the light emitting device on the edge of one of the light emitting device array chips and the light emitting device on the edge of an adjacent one of the light emitting device array chips.

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22. A driving method for driving an optical writing unit comprising an exposure unit that further comprises an image forming device array and a light emitting device array, comprising a plurality of light emitting device array chips, each 15 of which comprises a plurality of light emitting devices arranged at a predetermined interval, wherein the light volume of each of the light emitting devices is set up such that the gradient of 20 an approximated regression line of exposure areas corresponding to a plurality of the light emitting devices that are selected based on a predetermined cycle falls within a predetermined range for an effective image domain in its entirety, and the light volume of each of the light emitting devices 25

on and near the edge of the light emitting device array chip is set up such that said gradient corresponds to an interval between the light emitting device on the edge of one of the light emitting device array chips and the light emitting device on the edge of an adjacent one of the light emitting device array chips.